

Corrective Action

A Quick Reference Guide for Supervisors

What is it?

Corrective action is a less-formal, non-disciplinary approach to resolving employee issues. It is used to try to resolve workplace issues between the University and and/or to clarify expectations. It does not require compliance with the University's investigative guidelines. Corrective action is not discipline.

When do I use it?

As a supervisor, you should be constantly monitoring and offering feedback to employees. Corrective action should take place as soon as you become aware of an issue.

How do I do it?

It's as simple as reminding the employee that there is a standard or expectation in place; that they failed to meet or somehow violated the standard; and that they need to improve or further possible consequences may ensue. It can be done verbally or in writing, depending on how egregious the behavior was. Specific approaches include:

• <u>Informal discussion</u>: Meet with the employee privately and inform them of what the issue is, how you became aware of it, and what they need to do to correct the situation. This should be a collaborative process. After the discussion, you should send the employee a follow-up email summarizing the discussion, copies of which would go into the Dean's file and to HR/Labor Relations.

• <u>Facilitated discussion</u>: If you and your employee are having a difficult time communicating, a higher authority may require the employee to meet with their supervisor and discuss the issues to improve communication. The outcome of the discussion should be documented.

• <u>Clarification of expectations</u>: This is a letter reinforcing or clarifying expected standards or policy. When you deliver a letter of this nature to a employee, discuss the matter and ask them to sign for receipt. The employee receives a copy, with a copy to the Dean's file, employee's personnel file and Labor Relations.

• <u>Verbal coaching</u>: Similar to an informal discussion, but more offers direction and guidance. Rather than trying to diagnose the situation and come to a shared understanding, you would use verbal coaching to explain to the employee precisely how you want them to accomplish a particular task or meet a specific expectation.

• Letter of counseling: This type of letter is more direct. It states the standard, expectation and/or policy, how the employee violated or failed to meet the standard, expectation and/or policy, and what the consequences might be if the employee does not correct the issue. When you meet with the employee to discuss and deliver this letter, have them sign for receipt. The employee receives a copy, with a copy to the Dean's file, employee's personnel file and Labor Relations.

• **Performance improvement plan (PIP)**: A PIP is a roadmap to improving a employee's performance, quality of work, timeliness of work, method and manner of execution (such as using a specific type of technology) and the like. A PIP is not meant to address misconduct, rather performance issues or deficiencies. When you meet with the employee to discuss and deliver this letter, have them sign for receipt. The employee receives a copy, with a copy to the Dean's file, employee's personnel file and Labor Relations. You should meet with the employee regularly during the course of the PIP timeframe to discuss performance and progress.

There are Word templates for each of these on the Labor Relations webpages, here:

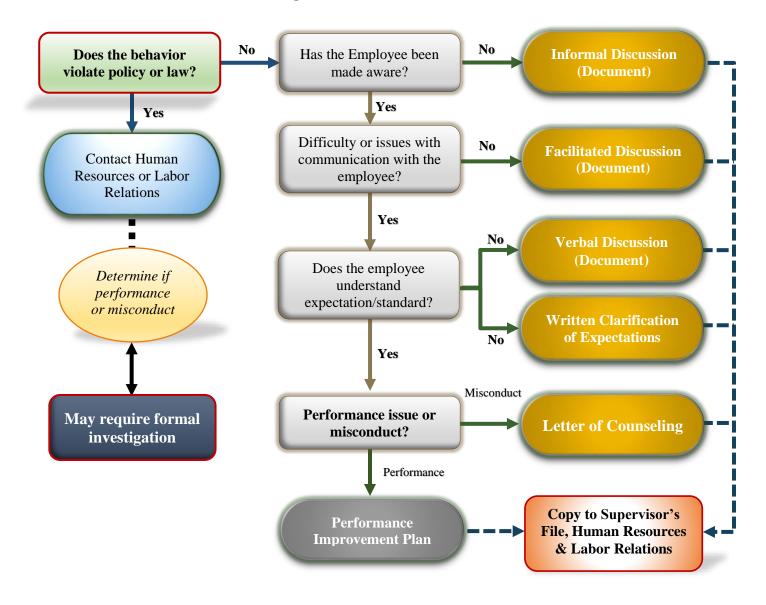
http://access.ewu.edu/hrrr/labor-relations/supervisor-tools/correctiveaction

For additional information, you may call Joseph Fuxa, Labor Relations Manager, at x7496

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PSE Corrective Action Process Flow

Not a requirement – contact Labor Relations



34.2 <u>Disciplinary Action</u>. The parties recognize that bargaining unit Employees perform representative roles at the University that require substantial trust in their judgment. In light of the nature of the work of bargaining unit Employees, the University is not required to apply the principles of progressive discipline. The University's decision to discharge an Employee based on performance shortcomings will not be disturbed if the Employee has been provided notice and an opportunity to correct the performance issue; provided that in extreme and egregious situations, immediate termination may be appropriate without warning and notice.