

Eastern Washington University



Report Sections

NSSE 2023 Engagement Indicators

About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
j.	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning
5	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment,* 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

Eastern Washington University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **A** Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	nts Your first-year students compared with		
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023
	Higher-Order Learning	∇	∇	∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies		∇	∇
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	∇		∇
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown	∇
Campus	Quality of Interactions		\bigtriangledown	
Environment	Supportive Environment	\checkmark		$\mathbf{\bullet}$
niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment	∇	∇	∇



Academic Challenge

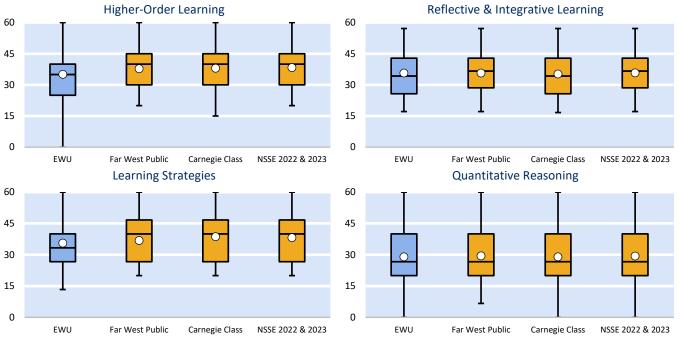
Eastern Washington University

Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Effect Mean size	Effect Mean size	Effect Mean size				
Higher-Order Learning	35.1	37.8 *21	38.0 *22	38.3 **24				
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.7	35.701	35.3 .03	35.801				
Learning Strategies	35.6	36.809	38.7 *22	38.2 *19				
Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	29.403	29.0 .00	29.403				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Eastern Washington University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point of	difference ^a between you	r FY students and
Histor Order Learning				NSSE 2022 &
Higher-Order Learning	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	65	-3	-4	-6
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	55	-14	-14	-15
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	-2	-2	-1
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	65	-6	-6	-6
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	52	-2	+1	-1
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	53	-0	+1	+0
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	57	+1	+6	+3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	66	+2	+2	+1
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	77	+5	+7	+6
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	64	-3	-3	-3
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	72	-4	-5	-6
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	62	-10	-12	-11
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	65	+2	-2	-1
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	54	-7	-13	-12
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment,	53	-1	+0	-1
6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	45	+1	+2	+1
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	42	-2	-0	-2

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Academic Challenge

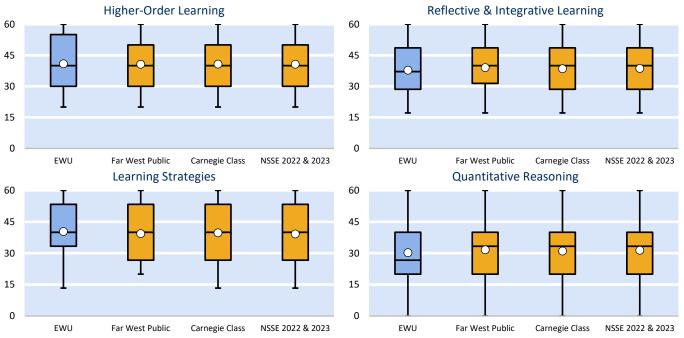
Eastern Washington University

Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Comparisons Your seniors compared with							
	EWU Far West Public			Carne	gie Class	NSSE 20	22 & 2023	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	
Higher-Order Learning	40.9	40.7	.02	40.7	.01	40.7	.02	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.8	39.1	10	38.5	05	38.7	07	
Learning Strategies	40.3	39.3	.07	39.7	.04	39.2	.08	
Quantitative Reasoning	30.2	31.6	08	31.0	04	31.4	07	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Eastern Washington University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Higher-Order LearningNote 2022Note 2023Precentage responding "Yery much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework amphatzed94 -2 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th colspan="5">Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and</th></td<>			Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
Precentage responding "Tary much" or "Quite a bit" about how much conservork emphasized 9 4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations 75 -0 -2 -2 4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts 73 -2 -2 -3 4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source 69 -4 -4 -3 4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 76 +1 +1 +1 Reflective & Integrative Learning Precentage of students who responded that they "Yery often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 71 +1 +4 +2 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issue 65 -3 -3 -3 2c. Included divers perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 48 -9 -7 -8 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 65 -3 -3 -3 2c. Tride to better understand semeone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 73 -2 -0 -1 2d. Learned someth	Llieben Orden Leerning						
Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations750-224c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts73-2-2-34d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source69-4-4-34e. forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information76+1+1+1Reflective & Integrative LearningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very ofter" or "Ofter"2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments71+1+4+22b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues52-11-10-102c. Included diverse perspectives (golitical, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course489-782d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32f. Ireid to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective72-1+1+02f. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-49a. Identified key information from reading assignments71+5-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5-5-5-49c. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-49c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67		EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023		
Act. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts73-2-2-34d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source6944-34e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information76+1+1+1Reflective & Integrative LearningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very offen" or "Offen"2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments71+1+4+22b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues521-11-10102c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course489-782d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32f. Ireid to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from73-2-0-12f. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-42g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Percentage of students who responded that they "Very offen" or "Offen"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0	Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	4		ń.		
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source69444-34e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information7611111Reflective & Integrative LearningProcentage of students who responded that they "Yery offen" or "Offen"2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments71111010102b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues521-11-10102c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course489-7482d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue655-3-3-32e. Tride to better understand someone eise's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective721+1+02g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-42g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge72-5-5-49a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-0-1-09a. Identified key information from reading assignments71+5+4+69b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5-4+69c. Summarized what you learned in dass or from course materials67+0-1-0Countitative Reasoning-1-5-5-6 <tr <td="">-6</tr>	4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	75	-0	-2	-2		
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 76 +1 +1 +1 Reflective & Integrative Learning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 71 +1 +4 +2 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 52 -11 -10 -10 2c. included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 48 -9 -7 -8 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 65 -3 -3 -3 2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their prspective 72 -0 -1 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 80 -3 -4 -4 Learned something that changed that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 72 -5 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 71 +5 +4 +6 -0 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 67	4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	73	-2	-2	-3		
Reflective & Integrative Learning Percentage of students who responded that they "I'ery often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 71 +1 +4 +2 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 52 -11 -10 -10 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 65 -3 -3 -3 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 65 -3 -3 -3 2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective 72 -1 +1 +0 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 80 -3 -4 -4 Learning Strategies - - - - - - 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 71 +5 -5 -4 -0 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 72 -5 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 71 +5 +6 -0 Cuantitative Reasoning -1 </td <td>4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source</td> <td>69</td> <td>-4</td> <td>-4</td> <td>-3</td>	4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	-4	-4	-3		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Fery offen" or "Often" 71 +1 +44 +2 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 52 11 -10 10 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 52 -11 -10 -10 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 65 -3 -3 -3 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 65 -3 -3 -3 -3 2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective 72 1 +1 +00 -1 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 80 -3 -4 -4 Percentage of students who responded that they "Fery often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 72 -5 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 71 +5 +44 +66	4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	76	+1	+1	+1		
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments71+1+4+22b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues52-11-10-102c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments48-9-7-82d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective73-2-0-12f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+0-12g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPrecentage of students who responded that they "Fery often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-5Precentage of students who responded that they "Fery often" or "Often"Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)-5-5-661. Weat numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-6	Reflective & Integrative Learning						
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues52-11-10-102c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments48-9-7-82d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective73-2-0-12f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+02g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-549b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-0Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments67+0-1-0Quantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)51-6-5-66b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5-5-5	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments48-9-7-82d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective73-2-0-12f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+0-12g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-1-0Cuantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Cuantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Reviewed your notes after class-5-5-5-69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Cuantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on you	2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	71	+1	+4	+2		
21. discussions or assignments405077632d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue65-3-3-32e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective73-2-0-12f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+02g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-0Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-0Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information class or from course materials67+0-1-0Outantitative ReasoningCVery often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, clamaterial information (numbers, clamaterial information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, clamaterial enge, public health, etc.)-5-5-5<	2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	52	-11	-10	-10		
2e.Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective73-20-12f.Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+02g.Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a.Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b.Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+6-0Quantitative Reasoning67+0-1-0Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"51-6-5-66a.Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, cimate change, public health, etc.)51-6-5-5-56b.Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5-5-5		48	-9	-7	-8		
2e. their perspective73-2-0-12f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept72-1+1+02g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Quantitative Reasoning-2-5-5-69c. Reviewed our our own analysis of numerical information (numbers, climate change, public health, etc.)51-6-5-66a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, climate change, public health, etc.)51-6-5-5-59b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5-5	2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65	-3	-3	-3		
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge80-3-4-4Learning StrategiesPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Quantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, cimate change, public health, etc.)51-6-5-66b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5-5		73	-2	-0	-1		
Learning Strategies Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 72 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 71 +5 +4 +6 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 67 +0 -1 -0 Quantitative Reasoning - - - -6 -5 -6 Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 51 -6 -5 -6 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.) 44 -5 -5 -5 -5	2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	-1	+1	+0		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 72 -5 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 71 +5 +4 +6 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 67 +0 -1 -0 Quantitative Reasoning - - - - - - Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 51 -6 -5 -6 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.) 44 -5 -5 -5	2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	80	-3	-4	-4		
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments72-5-49b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Quantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)51-6-5-66b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5	Learning Strategies						
9b. Reviewed your notes after class71+5+4+69c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Outantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)51-6-5-66b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)-5-5-5-5	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials67+0-1-0Quantitative ReasoningPercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"6a.Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)51-6-5-60b.Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)44-5-5-5	9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	72	-5	-5	-4		
Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.) -5 -6 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.) -5 -5 -5	9b. Reviewed your notes after class	71	+5	+4	+6		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	67	+0	-1	-0		
6a.Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)51-6-5-60.Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)44-5-5-5	Quantitative Reasoning						
ba. graphs, statistics, etc.) 51 -5 -6 Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.) 44 -5 -5 -5	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
6b. 44 -5 -5 -5	6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	51	-6	-5	-6		
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information47-3+0-2		44	-5	-5	-5		
	6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	47	-3	+0	-2		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

Eastern Washington University

Learning with Peers: First-year students

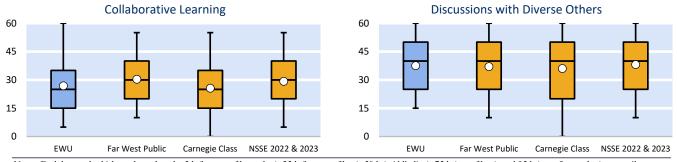
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

lean compansons		Your first-year students compared with						
	EWU	Far West Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 2022 & 2023		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	26.9	30.4 **	25	25.6	.08	29.2 *	16	
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	37.0	.03	36.0	.09	38.1	04	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point d	difference ^a between you	ur FY students and
				NSSE 2022 &
Collaborative Learning	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	32	-17	-6	-12
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	42	-7	+1	-6
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	33	-8	-1	-8
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	47	-7	+4	-3
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	60	-12	-4	-9
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	69	-0	+4	-1
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	+6	+7	+2
8d. People with political views other than your own	61	+11	+5	+2

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

Eastern Washington University

Learning with Peers: Seniors

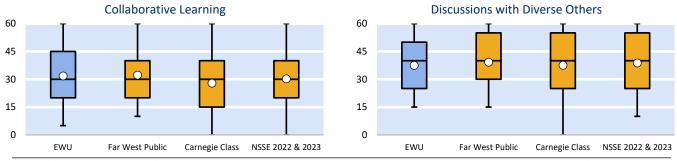
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

viean compansons		Your seniors compared with						
	EWU	Far West Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 2022 & 2023		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	31.8	32.2	03	27.9 ***	.23	30.3	.10	
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	39.2	11	37.6	01	38.8	08	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poin	t difference ^a between y	our seniors and
				NSSE 2022 &
Collaborative Learning	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	46	+1	+9	+5
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	54	+1	+7	+3
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	37	-5	+1	-3
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	61	-5	+7	+1
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	64	-10	-3	-5
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	71	-1	+4	+0
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	63	-2	+1	-2
8d. People with political views other than your own	61	+6	+2	+0

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty

Eastern Washington University

Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

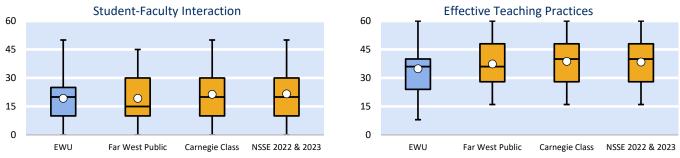
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Λ

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	EWU	Far We	st Public Effect	Carneg	ie Class Effect	NSSE 202	2 & 2023 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	19.2	19.3	.00	21.3	14	21.6	16	
Effective Teaching Practices	34.8	37.4 *	19	38.7 **	28	38.4 **	27	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard $deviation; Symbols \ on \ the \ Overview \ page \ are \ based \ on \ effect \ size \ and \ p \ before \ rounding; \ *p < .05, \ **p < .01, \ ***p < .001 \ (2-tailed).$

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point of	difference ^a between you	ır FY students and
Church and Far and the last and a trian				NSSE 2022 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	35	+3	-3	-2
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	18	-2	-4	-5
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	19	-5	-8	-9
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	24	-3	-9	-7
Effective Teaching Practices			-	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	66	-9	-11	-11
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	68	-1	-4	-5
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	62	-9	-9	-11
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	66	+3	+0	+2
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	49	-8	-14	-11

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty

Eastern Washington University

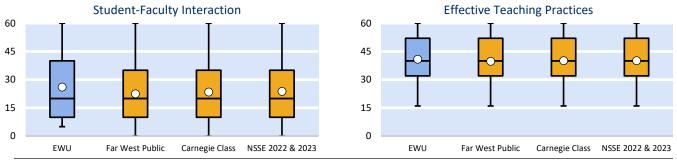
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors con	npared with		
	EWU	Far West	Public Effect	Carneg	i e Class Effect	NSSE 202	22 & 2023 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	26.0	22.4 **	.22	23.3 *	.16	23.7 *	.14
Effective Teaching Practices	40.8	39.7	.07	40.1	.05	40.0	.05

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

	Percentage poin	t difference ^a between y	our seniors and
			NSSE 2022 &
EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	2023
%			
47	+9	+5	+5
27	+1	+1	-1
34	+4	+3	+1
38	+7	+3	+5
79	+0	+0	-1
76	+1	+1	-0
78	+2	+3	+2
66	+2	+2	+2
62	-1	-4	-3
	47 27 34 38 79 76 78 66	EWU Far West Public % 47 +9 27 +1 34 34 +4 38 79 +0 76 76 +1 78 78 +2 66	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

Eastern Washington University

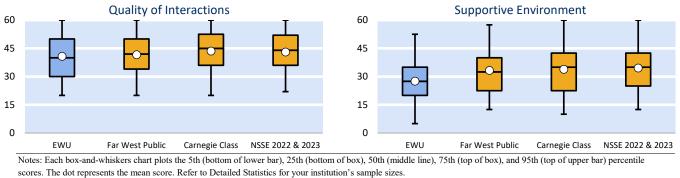
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year student	s compared v	vith	
	EWU	Far West F		Carnegi		NSSE 202	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	40.8	41.6	07	43.6 *	22	43.0	19
Supportive Environment	27.6	33.3 ***	42	33.9 ***	45	34.6 ***	51

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point o	lifference ^a between yo	ur FY students and
Quality of Interactions	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	42	-5	-8	-9
13b. Academic advisors	53	+4	-4	-1
13c. Faculty	45	-1	-9	-7
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	48	+5	-2	+1
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	44	+2	-7	-2
Supportive Environment		-	-	-
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	54	-14	-17	-17
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	64	-5	-8	-9
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	52	-7	-6	-7
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	43	-21	-22	-25
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	47	-16	-16	-17
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	27	-13	-14	-12
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	45	-11	-11	-17
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	27	-14	-16	-18

Notes: Keter to your *Prequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facilities and statistical comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facilities and statistical comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facilities and statistical comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facilities and statistical comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests.



Campus Environment

Eastern Washington University

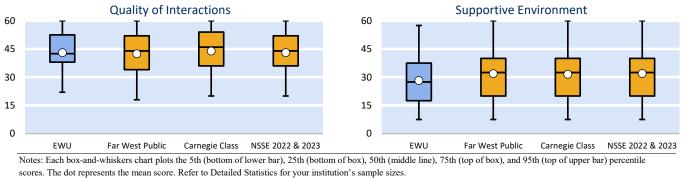
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Effect Mean size	Effect Mean size	Effect Mean size
Quality of Interactions	43.0	42.5 .04	43.906	43.0 .00
Supportive Environment	28.2	31.9 ***25	31.6 **22	32.0 ***26

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and							
Quality of Interactions	EWU	Far West Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023					
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%								
13a. Students	56	-2	-3	-3					
13b. Academic advisors	48	-2	-8	-5					
13c. Faculty	58	+4	-1	+1					
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	46	-0	-4	+0					
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	45	+0	-5	-1					
Supportive Environment			-						
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized									
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	60	-6	-9	-8					
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	57	-4	-8	-7					
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	51	-7	-3	-3					
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	53	-8	-7	-10					
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	50	-11	-8	-8					
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	23	-12	-12	-10					
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	37	-11	-11	-17					
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	33	-8	-6	-7					

This page intentionally left blank.



Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Eastern Washington University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your

students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable^b to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	ents compared with	ı	
		EWU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	35.1	39.5 **	34	42.2 ***	56	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.7	37.3	13	39.8 ***	35	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	35.6	39.8 **	30	42.8 ***	51	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	30.7	11	33.4 **	28	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	26.9	33.2 ***	46	36.5 ***	70	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	40.5 *	20	43.6 ***	44	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	19.2	25.4 ***	40	29.3 ***	66	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	34.8	40.1 ***	39	43.3 ***	63	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	40.8	45.2 ***	39	48.1 ***	60	
Environment	Supportive Environment	27.6	36.8 ***	70	39.6 ***	94	
Seniors				Your seniors co	ompared with		
		EWU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	40.9	42.1	09 🗸	44.7 ***	30	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.8	40.6 **	23	43.1 ***	44	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	40.3	40.9	04 🗸	43.6 **	23	
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.2	32.7 *	15	36.3 ***	37	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.8	34.7 **	20	38.1 ***	46	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	41.1 **	23	43.9 ***	44	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	26.0	29.6 **	22	34.3 ***	52	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.8	42.1	10	44.7 ***	29	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.0	45.4 *	19	47.9 ***	39	
Environment	Supportive Environment	28.2	34.5 ***	44	37.7 ***	68	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Eastern Washington University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co Deg. of	mparison	results	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	size
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
EWU (N = 130)	35.1	15.1	1.32	0	25	35	40	60				
Far West Public	37.8	13.0	.17	20	30	40	45	60	133	-2.7	.046	205
Carnegie Class	38.0	13.6	.09	15	30	40	45	60	20,741	-2.9	.015	21
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.3	13.3	.05	20	30	40	45	60	81,947	-3.2	.006	242
Top 50%	39.5	13.2	.06	20	30	40	50	60	129	-4.5	.001	338
Top 10%	42.2	12.8	.16	20	35	40	55	60	132	-7.2	.000	558
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
EWU (N = 152)	35.7	12.3	1.00	17	26	34	43	57				
Far West Public	35.7	11.7	.14	17	29	37	43	57	6,631	1	.945	006
Carnegie Class	35.3	12.4	.08	17	26	34	43	57	22,743	.4	.683	.033
NSSE 2022 & 2023	35.8	12.2	.04	17	29	37	43	57	89,634	1	.898	010
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.05	20	29	37	46	60	49,442	-1.6	.107	13
Top 10%	39.8	11.8	.15	20	31	40	49	60	6,580	-4.2	.000	354
Learning Strategies												
EWU (N = 114)	35.6	14.1	1.32	13	27	33	40	60				
Far West Public	36.8	13.6	.18	20	27	40	47	60	5,703	-1.2	.334	091
Carnegie Class	38.7	14.2	.10	20	27	40	47	60	19,018	-3.1	.020	217
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.2	13.9	.05	20	27	40	47	60	75,498	-2.6	.047	186
Top 50%	39.8	13.9	.07	20	27	40	53	60	42,413	-4.2	.001	301
Top 10%	42.8	14.0	.15	20	33	40	60	60	8,932	-7.2	.000	514
Quantitative Reasoning												
EWU ($N = 118$)	29.0	15.8	1.46	0	20	27	40	60				
Far West Public	29.4	14.8	.20	7	20	27	40	60	5,796	4	.763	028
Carnegie Class	29.0	15.7	.11	0	20	27	40	60	19,383	.1	.971	.003
NSSE 2022 & 2023	29.4	15.5	.06	0	20	27	40	60	76,827	4	.786	025
Top 50%	30.7	15.3	.07	7	20	27	40	60	51,473	-1.7	.243	108
Top 10%	33.4	15.4	.17	7	20	33	40	60	8,376	-4.4	.002	284
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
EWU (N = 171)	26.9	15.3	1.17	5	15	25	35	60				
Far West Public	30.4	13.8	.17	10	20	30	40	55	7,091	-3.5	.001	250
Carnegie Class	25.6	16.1	.10	0	15	25	35	55	24,611	1.3	.303	.079
NSSE 2022 & 2023	29.2	15.0	.05	5	20	30	40	55	97,542	-2.3	.042	156
Top 50%	33.2	13.9	.06	10	25	35	40	60	57,805	-6.4	.000	456
Top 10%	36.5	13.7	.13	15	25	35	45	60	11,728	-9.7	.000	704
Discussions with Diverse Others	6											
EWU (N = 115)	37.5	15.6	1.45	15	25	40	50	60				
Far West Public	37.0	15.3	.20	10	25	40	50	60	5,735	.5	.723	.033
Carnegie Class	36.0	17.0	.12	0	20	40	50	60	19,164	1.5	.352	.087
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.1	15.8	.06	10	25	40	50	60	76,056	6	.685	038
Top 50%	40.5	14.8	.07	20	30	40	55	60	46,772	-3.0	.029	204



Detailed Statistics^a Eastern Washington University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percentile ^d scores				Co	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
EWU (N = 136)	19.2	14.9	1.28	0	10	20	25	50				
Far West Public	19.3	14.7	.19	0	10	15	30	45	6,373	.0	.979	002
Carnegie Class	21.3	15.2	.10	0	10	20	30	50	21,707	-2.1	.108	138
NSSE 2022 & 2023	21.6	15.1	.05	0	10	20	30	50	85,463	-2.4	.068	157
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.09	5	15	25	35	60	28,393	-6.1	.000	402
Top 10%	29.3	15.3	.24	5	20	25	40	60	4,146	-10.0	.000	656
Effective Teaching Practices												
EWU (N = 125)	34.8	14.7	1.32	8	24	36	40	60				
Far West Public	37.4	13.2	.17	16	28	36	48	60	6,122	-2.6	.033	193
Carnegie Class	38.7	13.9	.10	16	28	40	48	60	20,661	-3.9	.002	282
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.4	13.3	.05	16	28	40	48	60	81,601	-3.6	.003	267
Top 50%	40.1	13.5	.07	16	32	40	52	60	36,571	-5.3	.000	394
Top 10%	43.3	13.3	.19	20	36	44	56	60	4,867	-8.4	.000	633
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
EWU (N = 106)	40.8	13.4	1.30	20	30	40	50	60				
Far West Public	41.6	12.0	.17	20	34	42	50	60	108	8	.535	068
Carnegie Class	43.6	12.4	.10	20	36	45	53	60	16,880	-2.8	.022	224
NSSE 2022 & 2023	43.0	11.7	.04	22	36	44	52	60	105	-2.2	.092	189
Top 50%	45.2	11.5	.07	24	38	46	54	60	105	-4.4	.001	387
Top 10%	48.1	12.1	.16	24	42	50	60	60	108	-7.3	.000	605
Supportive Environment												
EWU (N = 105)	27.6	13.7	1.33	5	20	28	35	53				
Far West Public	33.3	13.5	.18	13	23	33	40	58	5,515	-5.7	.000	421
Carnegie Class	33.9	14.1	.10	10	23	35	43	60	18,343	-6.3	.000	445
NSSE 2022 & 2023	34.6	13.5	.05	13	25	35	43	60	73,033	-7.0	.000	514
Top 50%	36.8	13.1	.07	15	28	38	45	60	31,908	-9.1	.000	700
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.21	20	30	40	50	60	3,859	-12.0	.000	939

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Eastern Washington University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	ics		Percentile ^d scores					mparison	results		
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g	
Academic Challenge	wear	50	52	500	2501	50111	7501	5500	jiccuom	uŋj.	Sig.	5/20	
Higher-Order Learning													
EWU (N = 201)	40.9	13.8	.97	20	30	40	55	60					
Far West Public	40.7	13.8	.13	20	30	40	50	60	11,829	.2	.827	.016	
Carnegie Class	40.7	13.9	.08	20	30	40	50	60	30,153	.1	.884	.010	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	40.7	13.8	.00	20	30	40	50	60	115,450	.2	.823	.016	
Top 50%	42.1	13.7	.06	20	35	40	55	60	53,622	-1.2	.222	086	
Top 10%	44.7	12.8	.18	20	40	45	60	60	5,328	-3.8	.000	298	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	ng												
EWU (N = 221)	37.8	13.5	.91	17	29	37	49	60					
Far West Public	39.1	12.8	.12	17	31	40	49	60	12,599	-1.3	.147	099	
Carnegie Class	38.5	13.0	.07	17	29	40	49	60	32,233	7	.426	054	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.7	12.9	.04	17	29	40	49	60	123,238	9	.305	069	
Top 50%	40.6	12.5	.06	20	31	40	51	60	222	-2.8	.002	226	
Top 10%	43.1	11.8	.17	23	34	43	54	60	235	-5.3	.000	444	
Learning Strategies													
EWU (N = 187)	40.3	14.7	1.08	13	33	40	53	60					
Far West Public	39.3	14.4	.14	20	27	40	53	60	11,221	1.0	.360	.068	
Carnegie Class	39.7	14.7	.09	13	27	40	53	60	28,358	.6	.573	.041	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	39.2	14.6	.04	13	27	40	53	60	108,568	1.2	.277	.080	
Top 50%	40.9	14.5	.06	20	33	40	53	60	57,440	6	.554	043	
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.15	20	33	40	60	60	8,534	-3.3	.002	230	
Quantitative Reasoning													
EWU (N = 191)	30.2	17.7	1.28	0	20	27	40	60					
Far West Public	31.6	16.4	.15	0	20	33	40	60	11,371	-1.3	.260	082	
Carnegie Class	31.0	16.6	.10	0	20	33	40	60	28,770	7	.546	044	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	31.4	16.6	.05	0	20	33	40	60	110,058	-1.2	.332	070	
Top 50%	32.7	16.5	.06	7	20	33	40	60	67,710	-2.4	.041	148	
Top 10%	36.3	16.2	.22	7	20	40	47	60	202	-6.0	.000	372	
Learning with Peers													
Collaborative Learning				_									
EWU (N = 248)	31.8	15.0	.95	5	20	30	45	60					
Far West Public	32.2	14.7	.13	10	20	30	40	60	13,127	4	.666	028	
Carnegie Class	27.9	16.9	.09	0	15	30	40	60	252	3.9	.000	.230	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	30.3	16.0	.04	0	20	30	40	60	129,545	1.6	.127	.097	
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.06	10	25	35	45	60	54,202	-2.9	.001	204	
Top 10%	38.1	13.6	.16	15	30	40	50	60	7,551	-6.3	.000	461	
Discussions with Diverse Other		15.0	1.1.5		~~	10		()					
EWU (N = 188)	37.5	15.9	1.16	15	25	40	50	60					
Far West Public	39.2	16.0	.15	15	30	40	55	60	11,260	-1.7	.140	109	
Carnegie Class	37.6	17.1	.10	0	25	40	55	60	28,490	1	.942	005	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.8	16.2	.05	10	25	40	55	60	109,117	-1.3	.260	082	
Top 50%	41.1	15.6	.06	15	30	40	55	60	59,520	-3.6	.002	230	
Top 10%	43.9	14.8	.19	20	35	45	60	60	6,501	-6.4	.000	436	



Detailed Statistics^a Eastern Washington University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results				
									Deg. of		Effect		
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
EWU (N = 210)	26.0	17.2	1.19	5	10	20	40	60					
Far West Public	22.4	16.2	.15	0	10	20	35	60	12,185	3.6	.001	.223	
Carnegie Class	23.3	16.5	.09	0	10	20	35	60	31,098	2.7	.019	.163	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	23.7	16.5	.05	0	10	20	35	60	119,002	2.3	.044	.139	
Top 50%	29.6	16.2	.10	5	20	30	40	60	26,081	-3.5	.002	218	
Top 10%	34.3	15.8	.29	10	20	35	45	60	3,155	-8.2	.000	516	
Effective Teaching Practices													
EWU (N = 200)	40.8	13.5	.95	16	32	40	52	60					
Far West Public	39.7	14.1	.13	16	32	40	52	60	11,825	1.0	.298	.074	
Carnegie Class	40.1	14.6	.08	16	32	40	52	60	30,099	.7	.505	.047	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	40.0	14.1	.04	16	32	40	52	60	115,238	.7	.464	.052	
Top 50%	42.1	13.8	.07	20	32	40	56	60	39,806	-1.4	.157	100	
Top 10%	44.7	13.4	.17	20	36	44	56	60	6,422	-3.9	.000	294	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
EWU (N = 165)	43.0	11.8	.92	22	38	43	53	60					
Far West Public	42.5	12.9	.13	18	34	44	52	60	10,084	.6	.574	.044	
Carnegie Class	43.9	12.8	.08	20	36	46	54	60	25,187	8	.407	065	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	43.0	12.4	.04	20	36	44	52	60	98,861	.0	.999	.000	
Top 50%	45.4	12.1	.06	22	38	48	55	60	42,948	-2.3	.014	192	
Top 10%	47.9	12.5	.12	22	40	50	60	60	10,764	-4.8	.000	387	
Supportive Environment													
EWU (N = 179)	28.2	14.0	1.04	8	18	28	38	58					
Far West Public	31.9	14.7	.14	8	20	33	40	60	10,951	-3.7	.001	252	
Carnegie Class	31.6	14.9	.09	8	20	33	40	60	27,590	-3.4	.003	225	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	32.0	14.5	.04	8	20	33	40	60	106,010	-3.7	.001	258	
Top 50%	34.5	14.3	.07	10	25	35	45	60	39,362	-6.3	.000	440	
Top 10%	37.7	13.9	.23	15	28	38	48	60	3,942	-9.4	.000	677	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.